



According to GHS Rev. 7 (2017)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### **Product identifier**

Trade name:	PILCURE MBTS
Proper shipping name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
	(contains Dibenzothiazole disulphide)
Other means of identification:	2, 2'-Dibenzothiazolyl Disulphide
CAS NO.	120-78-5
Chemical Formula	C14H8N2S4

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### Relevant identified uses

Rubber Vulcanization Accelerator

## **Uses advised against**

Advice against other uses: None identified

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:	NOCIL LIMITED
Address:	MAFATLAL HOUSE, H.T. PAREKH MARG,
	BACKBAY RECLAMATION, CHURCHGATE,
	MUMBAI 400 020,
	MAHARASHTRA STATE, INDIA.
Telephone:	+9122 66364062
Fax:	+9122 66364060
Emergency Contact	NOCIL LIMITED
(24 Hrs.)	C-37, TTC INDUSTRIAL AREA,
	OFF THANE BELAPUR ROAD, TURBHE, NAVI MUMBAI-400705,
	MAHARASHTRA STATE, INDIA
	Telephone No.:+91 22 66730555
	FAX No.: +91 22 27671862
	E-mail: hse@nocil.com

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

# **Classification according to GHS**

Classification	Category	Exposure Route
Skin Sensitization	1	-
Aquatic Acute	1	-
Aquatic Chronic	1	-

## Other adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No reliable data available.

# Label elements

### Labelling according to GHS

Hazard pictogram:





Signal word:	Warning
Hazard Statements:	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life
	H410:Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Date: 2 <sup>ND</sup> OCTOBER 2018 Issue: 3	Revision: 5	Page : 1 of 6
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#### **Precautionary Statements:**

Prevention:	P261: Avoid breathing dust.
	P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P273: Avoid release to the environment.
	P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response:	P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P333+313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P391: Collect spillage.
Disposal:	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.
NFPA Ratings (Scale 0 – 4):	
	Health: 1, Fire: 1, Reactivity: 0

#### Other hazards

EUH031: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substances**

Name	CAS No.	EC No.	% wt/wt	
Dibenzothiazole disulphide	120-78-5	204-424-9	>96%	
Mercaptobenzothiazole	149–30–4	205-736-8	<1%	
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	232-455-8	1-2%	
Synonyms:	2, 2'-Dibenzothiazolyl Disulphide			

## **Mixtures**

Not applicable.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### **Description of first aid measures**

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Immediately wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water to a conscious victim. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious victim. Get medical attention.

Advice for the doctor: Symptomatic treatment.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause sensitization by skin contact;

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No reliable data available.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam.

Dry chemical powder.

Carbon dioxide.

Water spray or fog - Large fires only

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire/explosion hazard: Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Main combustion gas: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide gases, nitrogen oxides and sulphur dioxide fumes.

		Date: 2 <sup>ND</sup> OCTOBER 2018	Issue : 3	Revision: 5	Page: 2 of 6
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According to GHS Rev. 7 (2017)

#### Advice for firefighters

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.

Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.

If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Wear suitable protective equipment.

## For emergency responders

Remove ignition sources and provision of sufficient ventilation, evacuate the danger area and consult experts.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Take precautions to prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or surface drainage systems. Dispose according to local or international regulations.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in suitable container for recovery or disposal, avoid raising dust.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### for safe handling

Avoid ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye contact. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice and any legal requirements.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container: Metal can or drum. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility: Avoid reaction with strong acid, alkali and oxidizing agents.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

At this time no TLV has been established, even though this material may produce adverse health effects (as evidenced in animal experiments or clinical experience). Airborne concentrations must be maintained as low as is practically possible and occupational exposure must be kept to a minimum.

#### **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)**

Exposure Pattern	Workers	General Population
Acute - systemic effects(dermal)	40 mg/kg bw/day	20 mg/kg bw/day
Acute - systemic effects(inhalation)	70 mg/m³	17.6 mg/m³
Acute - systemic effects(oral)	No data available	10 mg/kg bw/day
Long-term - systemic effects(dermal)	5 mg/kg bw/day	2.5 mg/kg bw/day
Long-term - systemic effects(inhalation)	8.8 mg/m³	2.2 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects(oral)	Not data available	1.25 mg/kg bw/day

#### **PNEC**

water	PNEC aqua (freshwater): 0.027 mg/L  PNEC aqua (marine water): 0.0027 mg/L	sediment	PNEC sediment (freshwater): 14.27 mg/kg sediment dw  PNEC sediment (marine water): 1.427mg/kg sediment dw	Stp	PNEC stp (mg/L):3.8
				Soil	PNEC soil: 2.83 mg/kg soil dw

# **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls Use: process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

General Personal Protection: Safety goggles or face shield, protective chemical resistant gloves, protective clothing.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Organic Solid Powder
Colour:	Cream
Odour:	Aromatic

	Date: 2 <sup>ND</sup> OCTOBER 2018	Issue : 3	Revision: 5	Page : 3 of 6	ı
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According to GHS Rev. 7 (2017)

Oduour threshold	No data available
pH:	Not applicable
Melting range	172 - 179°C
Boiling point:	Decomposes before boiling.
Flash point:	No data available
Evapotation rate:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not a readily combustible solid
Upper/lower flammability:	No data available
Explosive limits:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	1.35 *10 <sup>-9</sup> hPa at 25°C
Relative density:	1.54 at 25°C
Bulk density	350 - 390 Kg/m³ (Typical)
Solubility(ies):	0.27 - 0.37 mg/L at 25°C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Log Pow: 3.4 and pH 7
Auto-ignition temperature:	Does not undergo spontaneous combustion
Viscosity:	No data available
Explosive properties:	Dust Explosion Hazard
Oxidising properties:	No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## Reactivity

See section 7

### **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal condition.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section 7

## **Conditions to avoid**

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result. **Incompatible materials** 

See section 7

# **Hazardous decomposition products**

Thermal decomposition products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide gases nitrogen oxides and sulphur dioxide fumes.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

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Acute toxicity:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
	LD50 Oral (Rat): >7940 mg/kg bw
	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): >7940 mg/kg bw
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	LD50 Oral (Rat): >5000mg/kg b/w
	LD50 Inhalation (Rat): > 5 mg/L air
	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2000 mg/kg b/w
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
	Skin: Not irritating
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	Skin: Not irritating
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Serious eye damage/irritation:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
	Eye: Not Irritating
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	Eye: Not Irritating
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
respiratory or stain sociolasation.	Skin: Sensitising
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	Skin: Not Sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
9 - 9	Negative
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	Negative

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Date: 2 <sup>ND</sup> OCTOBER 2018	Issue: 3	Revision: 5	Page: 4 of 6

According to GHS Rev. 7 (2017)

Carcinogenicity:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
	LOAEL (rat/Oral): 375 mg/kg bw/day (male); LOAEL:188 mg/kg bw/day (female)
	NOAEL (mouse): 1577 ppm (male/female)
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	NOAEL: >= 1200 mg/kg bw/day
Reproductive toxicity:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):
	NOAEL: 15000 ppm
	White mineral oil(8042-47-5):
	NOAEL(P): >= 2000 mg/kg bw/day
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):	No data available
Specific target organ toxicity	No data available
(repeated exposure):	
Aspiration hazard:	No data available

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Acute (short-term) toxicity:

Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):

Fish (Salmo gairdneri): No acute toxicity of MBTS was observed to Oncorhynchus mykiss up to its water solubility.

Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna): No acute toxicity of MBTS up to water solubility (<=0.3 mg/L)

Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna/48h) EC50: 211 mg/L

Algae and aquatic plants (Scenedesmus subspicatus): No growth inhibition of MBTS on Desmodesmus subspicatus was observed up to its water solubility (<40mg/l)

Acute Algae toxicity (96 hr EC50) Algae Cell Count: 0.7 mg/L

White mineral oil (8042-47-5):

Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss /96h) LC50: 60 mg/L

#### Persistence and degradability

Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):

Abiotic Degradation: No data available

Physical- and photo-chemical elimination: No data available

Biodegradation: Not readily biodegradable

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):

Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log value): 4.5 at pH 7

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.4-51

#### **Mobility in soil**

Dibenzothiazole disulphide (CAS No. 120-78-5):

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments: No data available

Surface tension: No data available

Adsorption/Desorption: (log Koc): log Koc: 3.72-5.75

### Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Waste treatment methods

Product disposal: Observe specific national regulation.

Contaminated packaging: Contaminated, empty containers must be disposed of as chemical waste.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# Land transport (ADR / RID / GGVSE)

14.1 UN number	3077	14.4 Packing group	III	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(contains Dibenzothiazole disulphide)	14.5 Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	14.6 Special precautions for user	Hazard identification (Kemler)	90

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

14.1 UN number	3077	14.4 Packing group	III
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	14.5 Environmental hazard	No relevant data
	(contains Dibenzothiazole disulphide)	14 C Cassial	No data available
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	IMO/IMDG Class: 9	14.6 Special precautions for user	

Date: 2 <sup>ND</sup> OCTOBER 2018	Issue : 3	Revision: 5	Page : 5 of 6

According to GHS Rev. 7 (2017)

<b>Maritime transport (IMDG</b>				
14.1 UN number	3077	14.4 Packing group	III	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	14.5 Environmental hazard	Yes	
	(contains Dibenzothiazole disulphide)	14.6 Special	EMS Number	F-A. S- F
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	precautions for user	LINE NUMBER	1 71, 0 1

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

No data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Worldwide Inventory Status					
USA (TSCA)	Listed				
Canada (DSL)	Listed				
Canada (NDSL)	Not Applicable. Listed on the DSL.				
European Union (EINECS/ELINCS)	Listed				
Japan (ENCS)	Listed				
Korea (ECL)	Listed				
Australia (AICS)	Listed				
New Zealand (NZ)	Listed				
Phillipines (PICCS)	Listed				
China (CLECS)	Listed				

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Chemical Name:	Dibenzothiazole disulphide
Chemical Name.	Diberizotrilazole disdiprilat

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Date: 2 <sup>ND</sup> OCTOBER 2018	Issue : 3	Revision: 5	Page: 6 of 6